RULES AND CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO HSA CONTRIBUTIONS

HSA contribution rules are often complex. The general rules are listed below. If you have any questions regarding a contribution, please consult with a competent tax professional or refer to IRS Publication 969, *Health Savings Accounts and Other Tax-Favored Health Plans,* for more information. This publication is available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM.

REGULAR

The total amount you may contribute to an HSA for any tax year cannot exceed the published annual limit. A qualified HSA funding distribution is a one-time direct movement of assets from a Traditional IRA or Roth IRA, and is treated as a regular HSA contribution.

- You may make a contribution for the prior year up until your tax filing deadline for that year, not including extensions. Designating a contribution for the prior year is irrevocable.
- If you are age 55 or older by the end of the year, you may be eligible to make an additional catch-up contribution to an HSA for that tax year.

ROLLOVER

A rollover is a distribution and a subsequent tax-free movement of assets from any of your other HSAs or Archer medical savings accounts (MSAs) to your HSA.

- You are permitted to make only one rollover contribution to any of your HSAs in a 12-month period.
- A rollover generally must be completed within 60 days from the date you receive the assets.

TRANSFER

A transfer is a direct movement of assets to your HSA from any of your other HSAs or Archer MSAs. You may perform an unlimited number of transfers.